

ABSTRAK

Inas Salsabila Rofi

Hubungan Persepsi Perawat dengan Pemenuhan Kebutuhan Spiritual di Ruang Perawatan Intensif RSUD. Dr Moewardi

XIV+ 120 Halaman + 15 Tabel + 3 Gambar + 10 Lampiran

Perawat menghadapi hambatan dalam pemenuhan kebutuhan spiritual baik dari lingkungan dan diri sendiri. Persepsi mereka terhadap spiritual mungkin berkontribusi terhadap permasalahan ini. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui hubungan antara spiritualitas perawat dengan pemenuhan kebutuhan spiritual di ruang perawatan intensif. Penelitian ini merupakan studi kuantitatif korelasional dengan pendekatan cross-sectional menggunakan kuesioner Spiritual Care Rating Scale (SSCRS) untuk mengukur persepsi spiritualitas perawat dan Nurse Spiritual care Therapeutic Scale (NSCTS) untuk mengukur frekuensi intervensi perawat tentang spiritualitas pasien. Penelitian dilakukan di Jawa Tengah pada bulan Februari 2022. Data dianalisis pemenuhan kebutuhannya menggunakan Uji Korelasi Pearson Product Moment. Sebanyak 149 responden berpartisipasi dalam penelitian ini dengan lebih dari setengah responden adalah perempuan, berusia 26-35 th (dewasa awal), Islam (93.29%), ketaatan dalam beragama baik, lulusan DIII dan mayoritas responden adalah perawat ICU Mawar, bekerja > 10 tahun, dan level kewenangan klinis terbanyak berada pada PK 3. Persentase rata-rata skor persepsi spiritualitas perawat adalah 39,77 dan pemenuhan kebutuhan spiritual adalah 57,15. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa terdapat hubungan positif yang lemah antara persepsi spiritualitas perawat dengan pemenuhan kebutuhan spiritual ($p < 0,04$, $r = 0,235$). Meskipun persepsi spiritualitas perawat buruk, perawat tetap mampu memenuhi kebutuhan spiritual pasien. Penelitian ini merekomendasikan agar rumah sakit memfasilitasi seminar, workshop, dan pelatihan tentang aspek spiritual keperawatan.

Kata Kunci: Perawat Intensif Care, Persepsi Spiritual, Pemenuhan Kebutuhan

ABSTRACT

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Relationship between Nurses' Perceptions and Fulfillment of Spiritual Needs in the Intensive Care Room of RSUD. Dr Moewardi

XIV + 120 Pages + 15 Tables + 3 Pictures + 11 Attachments

Nurses face barriers both from the environment and from themselves in providing spiritual care. Their perception to the spirituality may contribute this situation. The purpose of this study was to analyze the relationship between perceived spirituality of nurses with the fulfillment of spiritual needs in the intensive care rooms. This was a quantitative study with a cross-sectional approach used the *Spiritual a public hospital Care Rating Scale (SSCRS)* questionnaire to measure received spirituality of nurses and *Nurse Spiritual care Therapeutic Scale (NSCTS)* to measure the spiritual. The study was conducted in Central Java during February 2022. The data were analyzed need fulfillment using the Pearson Product Moment Correlation Test. A total of 149 the number of total respondents participated in this study with more than half of the respondents were in the category of early adulthood (26-35 years), female, Muslim, having good religious observance, reporting over 10 years of nursing experience, and having level of clinical authority on PK 3. The average percentage of perceived spirituality of nurses score was 39.77 while the fulfillment of spiritual needs was 57.15. the result showed that there was a weak positive relationship between perceived spirituality of nurses and the fulfillment of spiritual needs ($p < 0,04$, $r = 0,235$). This study concluded that although nurse's perceived spirituality was poor, they were able to fulfil patient's spiritual needs. This study recommends that the hospital facilitate seminars, workshops, or training on the spiritual aspects of nursing.

Keywords: Intensive care nurse, Spiritual Perception, Needs fulfillment