

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- [1] D. R. E. Cotton, P. A. Cotton, & J. R. Shipway, "Chatting and cheating: Ensuring academic integrity in the era of ChatGPT," *Innovations in Education and Teaching International*, vol. 61, no. 2, pp. 228–239, 2024. doi: 10.1080/14703297.2023.2190148.
- [2] R. J. Isaifan, "Artificial intelligence in higher education: A global statistical synthesis for policy and quality assurance reform," *Perspective*, Mar. 2026.
- [3] P. N. Utami, I. N. Alhamid, N. P. Fadhilah, A. H. Tabitha, & A. Q. Aini, "Dinamika perubahan bentuk plagiarisme di kalangan mahasiswa DKI Jakarta: Studi kasus enam perguruan tinggi," *Risenologi*, vol. 10, no. 2, pp. 184–193, Dec. 2025, doi: 10.21009/risenologi.102.08..
- [4] A. Christiana, A. Kristiani, & S. Pangestu, "Kecurangan pembelajaran daring pada awal pandemi Covid-19: Dimensi fraud pentagon," *Jurnal Pendidikan Akuntansi Indonesia*, vol. 19, no. 1, hlm. 66–83, 2021.
- [5] K. Fadairsair & Subagyo, "Perilaku kecurangan akademik mahasiswa akuntansi: Dimensi fraud pentagon (studi kasus pada mahasiswa prodi akuntansi Ukrida)," *Jurnal Akuntansi Bisnis*, vol. 12, no. 2, hlm. 122–147, 2019, doi: 10.30813/jab.v12i2.1766.
- [6] R. Abdullahi, N. Mansor, & M. S. Nuhu, "Fraud triangle theory and fraud diamond theory: Understanding the convergent and divergent for future research," *Eur. J. Bus. Manag.*, vol. 7, no. 28, hlm. 30–38, 2015.
- [7] S. A. Faradiza, "Fraud pentagon dan kecurangan laporan keuangan," *EkBis: Jurnal Ekonomi dan Bisnis*, vol. 2, no. 1, hlm. 1–22, 2018.
- [8] J. F. Hair Jr., G. T. M. Hult, C. M. Ringle, M. Sarstedt, N. P. Danks, & S. Ray, *Partial Least Squares Structural Equation Modeling (PLS-SEM) Using R: A Workbook*, Cham, Switzerland: Springer, 2021. doi: [10.1007/978-3-030-80519-7](https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-80519-7).
- [9] D. P. W. Utami & D. I. Purnamasari, "The impact of ethics and fraud pentagon theory on academic fraud behavior," *J. Bus. Inf. Syst.*, vol. 3, no. 1, hlm. 49–61, Jun. 2021, doi: 10.36067/jbis.v3i1.88.

- [10] A. Kurniawati & A. Arif, "Pengaruh fraud pentagon dan penyalahgunaan teknologi informasi terhadap perilaku kecurangan akademik (studi pada mahasiswa fakultas ekonomi dan bisnis perguruan tinggi di Jakarta)," *Jurnal Ekonomi Trisakti*, vol. 3, no. 1, hlm. 1669–1678, Apr. 2023, doi: 10.25105/jet.v3i1.16167.
- [11] J. F. Hair Jr., W. C. Black, B. J. Babin, & R. E. Anderson, *Multivariate Data Analysis*, 8th ed. Andover, Hampshire, U.K.: Cengage Learning EMEA, 2019, ISBN: 978-1-4737-5654-0.
- [12] H. Setiabudhi, Suwono, Y. A. Setiawan, & S. Karim, "Analisis Data Kuantitatif dengan SmartPLS 4". Balikpapan, Indonesia: Borneo Novelty Publishing, Jan. 2025, ISBN: 978-623-89633-5-5.
- [13] V. Esposito Vinzi, W. W. Chin, J. Henseler, and H. Wang, Eds., *Handbook of Partial Least Squares: Concepts, Methods and Applications*. Berlin, Germany: Springer-Verlag, 2010. doi:10.1007/978-3-540-32827-8.
- [14] L. A. Nusron & R. T. Sari, "Pengaruh fraud diamond dan religiusitas terhadap kecurangan akademik mahasiswa akuntansi," *Telaah Bisnis*, vol. 21, no. 2, hlm. 79–88, Des. 2020.
- [15] E. Hidayah & G. D. Saptarini, "Pentagon Fraud Analysis in Detecting Potential Financial Statement Fraud of Banking Companies in Indonesia," *Proceeding of the 3rd International Conference on Accounting, Business & Economics (UII-ICABE 2019)*, pp. 89–96, 2019.
- [16] D. Dalpiaz, "Applied Statistics with R". Urbana-Champaign, IL, USA: University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, 2024.
- [17] T. K. Dijkstra, "Latent variables in linear stochastic models: Reflections on 'maximum likelihood' and 'partial least squares' methods" Ph.D. dissertation, Rijksuniversiteit Groningen, Groningen, The Netherlands, 1981.
- [18] T. K. Dijkstra & J. Henseler, "Consistent partial least squares path modeling," *MIS Quarterly*, vol. 39, no. 2, pp. 297–316, 2015, doi: 10.25300/MISQ/2015/39.2.02.