

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Gruebner, O., Rapp, M. A., Adli, M., Kluge, U., Galea, S., & Heinz, A. (2017). Cities and mental health. *Deutsches Ärzteblatt International*, 114(8), 121–127.
- Kaplan, R., & Kaplan, S. (1989). *The Experience of Nature: A Psychological Perspective*. Cambridge University Press.
- Kaplan, S. (1995). The restorative benefits of nature: Toward an integrative framework. *Journal of Environmental Psychology*, 15(3), 169–182.
- Ulrich, R. S. (1991). Effects of interior design on wellness: Theory and recent scientific research. *Journal of Health Care Interior Design*, 3(1), 97–109.
- Ulrich, R. S. (2008). Biophilic theory and research for healthcare design. *HERD: Health Environments Research & Design Journal*, 1(3), 61–76.
- Gehl, J. (2010). *Cities for People*. Washington DC: Island Press.
- Pallasmaa, J. (2005). *The Eyes of the Skin: Architecture and the Senses*. Chichester: Wiley.
- World Health Organization. (2019). *Burn-out an Occupational Phenomenon: International Classification of Diseases*. Geneva: World Health Organization.
- Ching, F. D. K. (2014). *Architecture: Form, Space, and Order* (4th ed.). New Jersey: John Wiley & Sons.
- Badan Pusat Statistik Provinsi Bali. (2020). *Provinsi Bali Dalam Angka 2020*. Denpasar: BPS Provinsi Bali.
- Badan Pusat Statistik Kabupaten Gianyar. (2023). *Kabupaten Gianyar Dalam Angka 2023*. Gianyar: BPS Kabupaten Gianyar.
- The WELL Building Standard. “The WELL Building Standard V.2.” (n.d.).
- Institute, G. W. (n.d.). *WELLNESS ARCHITECTURE AND DESIGN INITIATIVES*. Retrieved from
- Neufert, E. *Data Arsitek*, jilid 2 (1995). Jakarta: Airlangga
- Time Saver Standards for Building Types*. 3rd ed. (1990). International Ed