

LAMPIRAN

Lampiran 1 Program Rancang Bangun Alat di Arduino Ide

```
#include <Arduino.h>
#include "DHT.h"
#include <LiquidCrystal_I2C.h>
#include <FastLED.h>
#include "HardwareSerial.h"
//=====DEFINE
//LCD
#define LCD_ADDRESS 0x27
#define LCD_COLUMNS 16
#define LCD_ROWS 2
//PMS5003
#define PMS5003_RX 17
#define PMS5003_TX 16
//DHT22
#define DHT_PIN 4
#define DHTTYPE DHT22
//MQ135
#define MQ135_PIN 32
//LED
#define NUM_LEDS 1
#define DATA_PIN 25
CRGB leds[NUM_LEDS];
//BUZZER
#define BUZZER_PIN 19

//=====GLOBAL VARIABLE
//SENSOR DATA
```

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double Temperature, Humidity;
uint16_t PM25;
float CO2_PPM;

//PMS5003
struct pms5003data {
    uint16_t framelen;
    uint16_t pm10_standard, pm25_standard, pm100_standard;
    uint16_t pm10_env, pm25_env, pm100_env;
    uint16_t particles_03um, particles_05um, particles_10um, particles_25um,
particles_50um, particles_100um;
    uint16_t unused;
    uint16_t checksum;
};
#define PM25_BAIK 55
#define PM25_RINGAN 150
#define PM25_BAHAYA 250
int calibrationValue = 0;

//MQ135
const float a = 110.7432567;
const float b = -2.856935538;
const double ppmCalibration = 415.0;
float RO = 503994.0;
const float RLOAD = 10000.0;
float minPPM = 0;
float maxPPM = 0;
bool WarmUp = 0;
unsigned long warmUpMillis = 0;
const unsigned long intervalWarmUp = 1000UL*60UL*5;
#define PPM_BAIK 700
#define PPM_RINGAN 1000

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#define PPM_BAHAYA 1500

//MENU
enum menuDisplay{
    MENU_PM25,
    MENU_CO2PPM,
    MENU_DHT,
    TOTAL_DISPLAY
};
int8_t display = 0;
char buff[17], buff1[17];
unsigned long lcdMillis = 0;
const unsigned long intervallcd = 1000UL*3;
//MQ135 CALIB
const uint8_t AVG_SIZE = 10;

float avgBuffer[AVG_SIZE];
uint8_t avgIndex = 0;
uint8_t avgCount = 0;
float avgSum = 0;
//POLLING
unsigned long previousMillis = 0;
const unsigned long interval = 1000UL; // 1000 ms = 1 detik
//=====CLASS DECLARATION
pms5003data PMS25;
HardwareSerial pm25Serial(2);
LiquidCrystal_I2C lcd(0x27,16,2);
DHT dht(DHT_PIN, DHTTYPE);

//=====FUNCTION
//LCD
void lcdBegin();

```

```

void displayCentered();
//FASTLED
void FastLEDBegin();
void updateLEDStatus();
//BUZZER
void buzzerBegin();
void updateBuzzer();
//PMS5003
void PMBegin();
bool PMStreamData(Stream *s);
void PMGetData();
int warnScalePM(float PM25);
//DHT
void DHTBegin();
void DHTReadData();
//MQ135
void MQ135Begin();
float findRO();
void AverageValuePush(float value);
float AverageValue();
void findMaxMinPPM();
float getPPM();
int warnScaleMQ(float PPM);

//=====MAIN FUNCTION
void displayData(int displayMenu);

void setup(){
  Serial.begin(115200);
  lcdBegin();

```

```

FastLEDBegin();
buzzerBegin();
PMBegin();
DHTBegin();
MQ135Begin();
findMaxMinPPM();
display = 0;
WarmUp = true;
}

void loop(){
  unsigned long currentMillis = millis();
  if (currentMillis - warmUpMillis >= intervalWarmUp)WarmUp = false;
  if (currentMillis - previousMillis >= interval){
    previousMillis = currentMillis;
    DHTReadData();
    PMGetData();
    CO2_PPM = getPPM();
    updateLEDStatus();
    updateBuzzer();
  }
  if (currentMillis - lcdMillis >= intervallcd){
    lcdMillis = currentMillis;
    display++;
    if(display > TOTAL_DISPLAY - 1) display = 0;
    lcd.clear();
  }
  displayData(display);
}

```

```

//=====FUNCTION
//LCD
void lcdBegin(){
    lcd.init();
    lcd.backlight();
}

void displayCentered(String text, int row){
    int len = text.length();
    int spaces = (LCD_COLUMNS - len) / 2;
    String padding = "";
    for (int i = 0; i < spaces; i++) {
        padding += " ";
    }
    lcd.setCursor(0, row);
    lcd.print(padding + text);
}

//FASTLED
void FastLEDBegin(){
    FastLED.addLeds<WS2812, DATA_PIN, GRB>(leds, NUM_LEDS);
    FastLED.setBrightness(80);
    leds[0] = CRGB::Black;
    FastLED.show();
}

void updateLEDStatus(){
    int pmStatus = warnScalePM(PM25);
    int ppmStatus = WarmUp ? 1 : warnScaleMQ(CO2_PPM);

    int status = max(pmStatus, ppmStatus);

    switch(status){
        case 1: // Baik

```

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        leds[0] = CRGB::Green;
        break;
    case 2: // Ringan
        leds[0] = CRGB::Yellow;
        break;
    case 3: // Sedang
        leds[0] = CRGB::Orange;
        break;
    case 4: // Bahaya
        leds[0] = CRGB::Red;
        break;
    default:
        leds[0] = CRGB::Blue; // Error
        break;
}

FastLED.show();
}

//BUZZER
void buzzerBegin(){
    pinMode(BUZZER_PIN, OUTPUT);
    digitalWrite(BUZZER_PIN, HIGH);
}

void updateBuzzer(){
    int pmStatus = warnScalePM(PM25);
    int ppmStatus = WarmUp ? 1 : warnScaleMQ(CO2_PPM);
    if(pmStatus == 4 || ppmStatus == 4) digitalWrite(BUZZER_PIN, LOW);
    else digitalWrite(BUZZER_PIN, HIGH);
}

//PMS5003
void PMBegin(){

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Serial.println("=====");
Serial.println("  INITIALIZATION PM2.5 SENSOR  ");
Serial.println("=====");
pm25Serial.begin(9600, SERIAL_8N1, PMS5003_TX, PMS5003_RX);
}

bool PMStreamData(Stream *s){
  if (! s->available()) {
    return false;
  }

  if (s->peek() != 0x42) {
    s->read();
    return false;
  }

  if (s->available() < 32) {
    return false;
  }

  uint8_t buffer[32];
  uint16_t sum = 0;
  s->readBytes(buffer, 32);

  for (uint8_t i=0; i<30; i++) {
    sum += buffer[i];
  }

  uint16_t buffer_u16[15];
  for (uint8_t i=0; i<15; i++) {
    buffer_u16[i] = buffer[2 + i*2 + 1];
    buffer_u16[i] += (buffer[2 + i*2] << 8);
  }

```



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}

memcpy((void *)&PMS25, (void *)buffer_u16, 30);

if (sum != PMS25.checksum) {
    Serial.println("Checksum failure");
    return false;
}

return true;
}

void PMGetData(){
    Serial.println("=====");
    Serial.println("      PM2.5 SENSOR      ");
    Serial.println("=====");
    if (PMStreamData(&pm25Serial)) {
        Serial.print("PM 2.5: "); Serial.println(PMS25.pm25_env);
        PM25 = PMS25.pm25_env - calibrationValue;
    }
}

int warnScalePM(float PM25){
    if(PM25 < PM25_BAIK) return 1;
    else if(PM25 < PM25_RINGAN) return 2;
    else if(PM25 < PM25_BAHAYA) return 3;
    else return 4;
}

//DHT
void DHTBegin(){
    Serial.println("=====");
    Serial.println("  INITIALIZATION DHT22 SENSOR  ");
    Serial.println("=====");

```

```

    dht.begin();
}

void DHTReadData(){
    Serial.println("=====");
    Serial.println("          DHT22 SENSOR          ");
    Serial.println("=====");
    Temperature = dht.readTemperature();
    Humidity = dht.readHumidity();
    Serial.print("TEMPERATURE : "), Serial.println(Temperature, 2);
    Serial.print("HUMIDITY : "), Serial.println(Humidity, 2);
}

//MQ135
void MQ135Begin(){
    pinMode(MQ135_PIN, INPUT);
    analogSetPinAttenuation(MQ135_PIN, ADC_11db);
}

float findRO(){
    float adcRaw = analogRead(MQ135_PIN);
    float RsValue = ((4095.0 * RLOAD)/adcRaw) - RLOAD;
    float newRO = RsValue * exp(log(a/ppmCalibration)/b);
    AverageValuePush(newRO);
    float ROAVG = AverageValue();
    return ROAVG;
}

void AverageValuePush(float value){
    if (avgCount < AVG_SIZE)
    {
        avgBuffer[avgIndex] = value;
        avgSum += value;
        avgCount++;
    }
}

```

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else
{
    avgSum -= avgBuffer[avgIndex];
    avgBuffer[avgIndex] = value;
    avgSum += value;
}

    avgIndex = (avgIndex + 1) % AVG_SIZE;
}

float AverageValue(){
    if (avgCount == 0) return 0.0;
    return avgSum / avgCount;
}

void findMaxMinPPM(){
    minPPM = pow((1000/a),(1/b));
    maxPPM = pow((10/a),(1/b));
}

float getPPM(){
    float adcRaw = analogRead(MQ135_PIN);
    float RsValue = ((4095.0 * RLOAD)/adcRaw) - RLOAD;
    float rSrO = RsValue/RO;
    if(rSrO < maxPPM && rSrO > minPPM){
        float ppmValue = a * pow((float)RsValue/(float)RO, b);
        AverageValuePush(ppmValue);
        float ppmValue_avg = AverageValue();
        return ppmValue_avg;
    }else return -1.0;
}

int warnScaleMQ(float PPM){
    if(PPM < PPM_BAIK) return 1;
    else if(PPM < PPM_RINGAN) return 2;
}

```

```

else if(PPM < PPM_BAHAYA) return 3;
else return 4;
}

//=====MAIN FUNCTION
void displayData(int displayMenu){
    int warnPM = 0;
    int warnPPM = 0;
    switch (displayMenu){
    case MENU_PM25:
        warnPM = warnScalePM(PM25);
        sprintf(buff,"PM25 : %01d", PM25);
        lcd.setCursor(0,0); lcd.print(buff);
        lcd.setCursor(0,1);
        if (warnPM == 1) lcd.print("BAIK");
        else if (warnPM == 2) lcd.print("RINGAN");
        else if (warnPM == 3) lcd.print("SEDANG");
        else if (warnPM == 4) lcd.print("BAHAYA");
        break;
    case MENU_CO2PPM:
        if(WarmUp) displayCentered("WARMUP MQ135", 0);
        else{
            warnPPM = warnScaleMQ(CO2_PPM);
            sprintf(buff,"PPM : %0.1f", CO2_PPM);
            lcd.setCursor(0,0); lcd.print(buff);
            lcd.setCursor(0,1);
            if (warnPPM == 1) lcd.print("BAIK");
            else if (warnPPM == 2) lcd.print("BURUK");
            else if (warnPPM == 3) lcd.print("SEDANG");
            else if (warnPPM == 4) lcd.print("BAHAYA");

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    }
    break;

case MENU_DHT:
    sprintf(buff,"TEMP : %0.1f", Temperature);
    sprintf(buff1,"HUM : %0.1f", Humidity);
    lcd.setCursor(0,0); lcd.print(buff);
    lcd.setCursor(0,1); lcd.print(buff1);
    break;
}
}
}

```

Lampiran 2 Datasheet MQ-135

TECHNICAL DATA

MQ-135 GAS SENSOR

FEATURES

Wide detecting scope
Stable and long life

Fast response and High sensitivity
Simple drive circuit

APPLICATION

They are used in air quality control equipments for buildings/offices, are suitable for detecting of NH_3 , NO_x , alcohol, Benzene, smoke, CO_2 , etc.

SPECIFICATIONS

A. Standard work condition

Symbol	Parameter name	Technical condition	Remarks
V_c	Circuit voltage	$5V \pm 0.1$	AC OR DC
V_{cc}	Heating voltage	$5V \pm 0.1$	AC OR DC
R_L	Load resistance	can adjust	
R_H	Heater resistance	$310 \pm 5\%$	Room Tem
P_H	Heating consumption	less than 800mw	

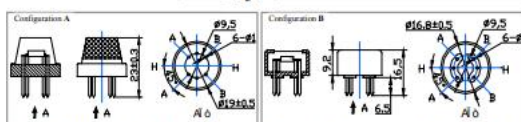
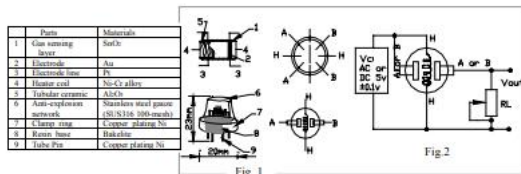
B. Environment condition

Symbol	Parameter name	Technical condition	Remarks
T_{in}	Using Tem	$-10 \sim +45$	
T_{as}	Storage Tem	$-20 \sim +70$	
R_H	Relative humidity	less than 95%RH	
O_2	Oxygen concentration	21% (standard condition) Oxygen concentration can affect sensitivity	minimum value is over 2%

C. Sensitivity characteristic

Symbol	Parameter name	Technical parameter	Remark 2
R_s	Sensing Resistance	30K Ω -200K Ω (100ppm NH_3)	Detecting concentration scope 10ppm-300ppm NH_3 10ppm-1000ppm Benzene 10ppm-300ppm Alcohol
α (200/50) NH_3	Concentration Slope rate	≤ 0.65	
Standard Detecting Condition	Temp: $20 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ V_c : $5V \pm 0.1$ Humidity: $65\% \pm 5\%$ V_H : $5V \pm 0.1$		
Preheat time	Over 24 hour		

D. Structure and configuration, basic measuring circuit



Structure and configuration of MQ-135 gas sensor is shown as Fig. 1 (Configuration A or B), sensor composed by micro Al_2O_3 ceramic tube, Tin Dioxide (SnO_2) sensitive layer, measuring electrode and heater are fixed into a crust made by plastic and stainless steel net. The heater provides necessary work conditions for work of sensitive

Lampiran 3 Datasheet PMS5003

2016 product data manual of PLANTOWER

Digital universal particle concentration sensor

PMS5003 series data manual

Writer	Zhou Yong	Version	V2.3
Verifier	Zheng Haoxin	Date	2016-06-01



Main characteristics

- ◆ Zero false alarm rate
- ◆ Real-time response
- ◆ Correct data
- ◆ Minimum distinguishable particle diameter :0.3 micrometer
- ◆ High anti-interference performance because of the patent structure of six sides shielding
- ◆ Optional direction of air inlet and outlet in order to adapt the different design

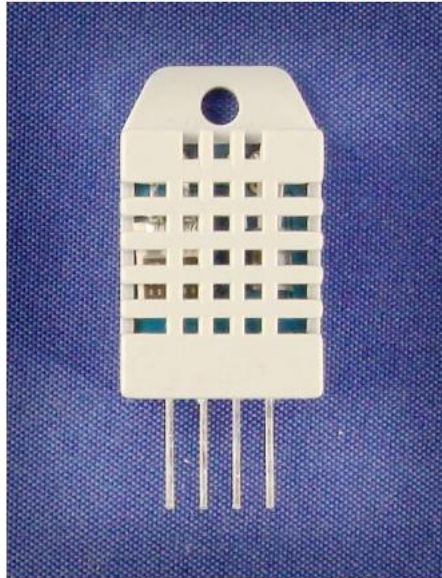
Lampiran 4 Datasheet DHT22

Aosong Electronics Co.,Ltd

Your specialist in innovating humidity & temperature sensors

Digital-output relative humidity & temperature sensor/module

DHT22 (DHT22 also named as AM2302)

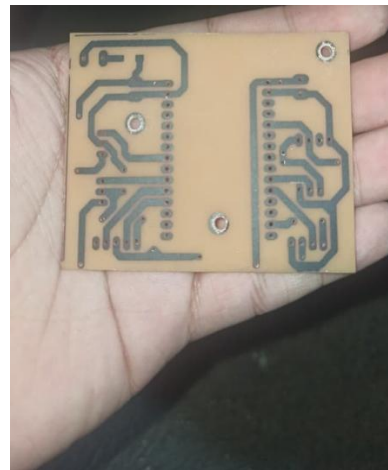


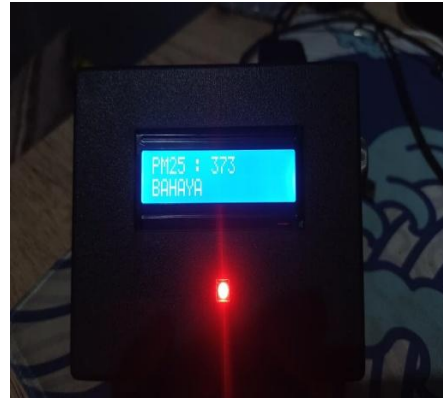
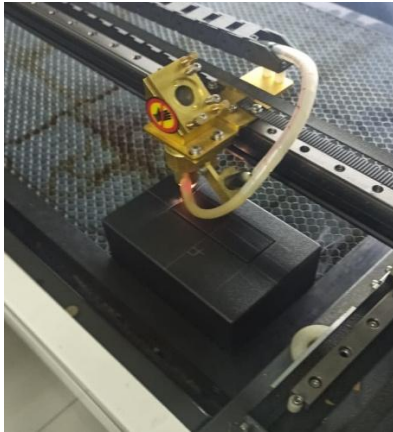
Capacitive-type humidity and temperature module/sensor

Thomas Liu (Business Manager)

Email: thomasliu198518@yahoo.com.cn

Lampiran 5 Proses Pembuatan





Lampiran 6 Data 1 (Ruangan Tertutup Tanpa Orang)

PMS5003 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	MQ-135 (ppm)

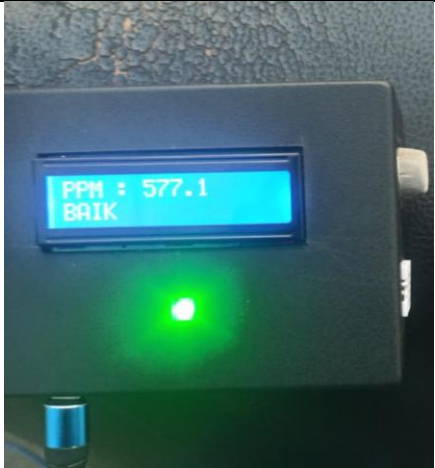


Lampiran 7 Data 2 (Ruangan Tertutup Dengan 3 Orang Merokok)

PMS5003 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	MQ-135 (ppm)
	
	
	



Lampiran 8 Data 3 (Tepi Jalan Raya dengan Lalu Lintas Padat)

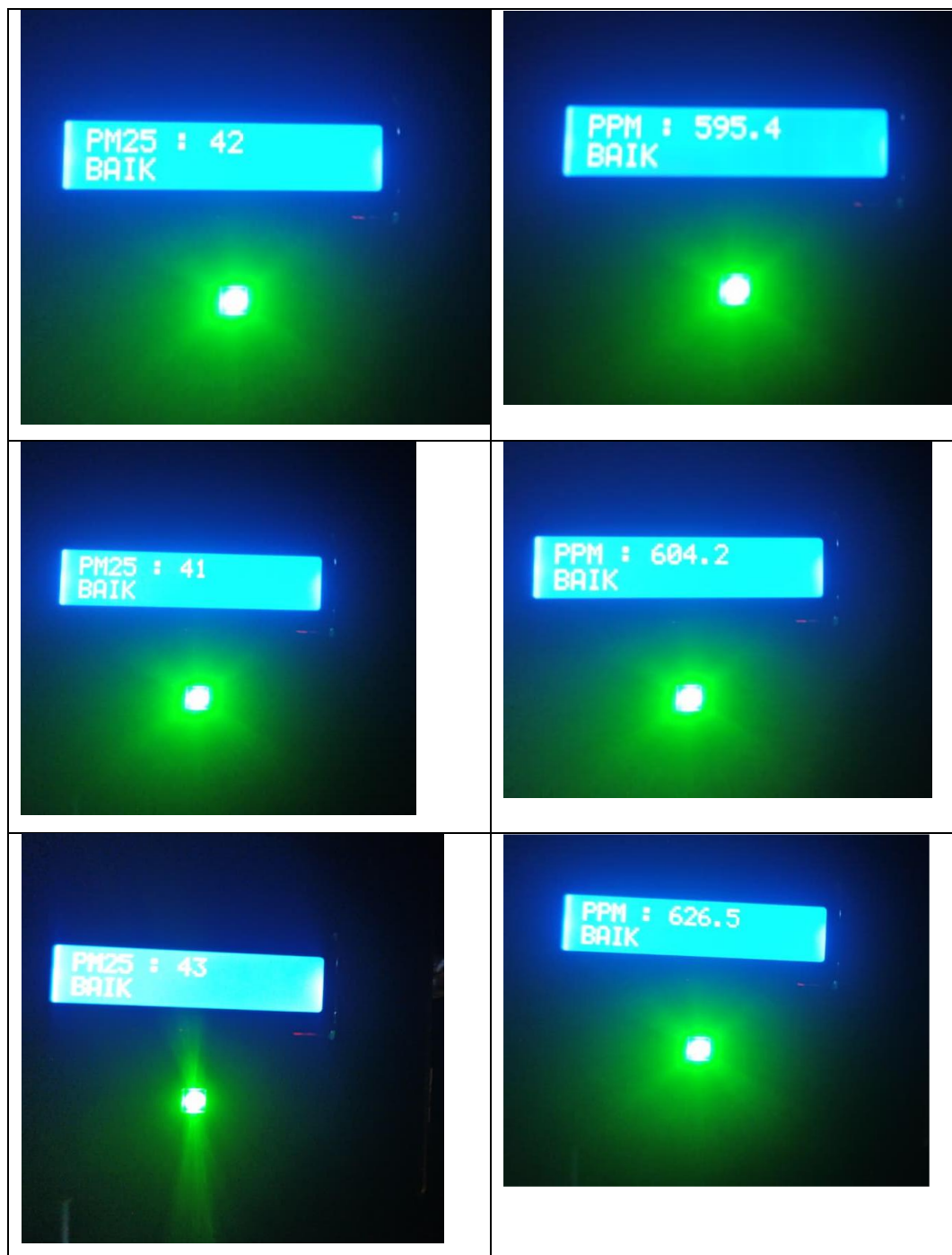
PMS5003 ((PM2.5)	MQ-135 (ppm)
	



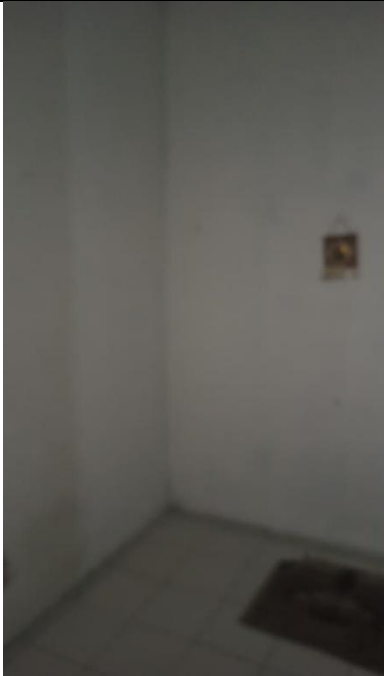


Lampiran 9 Data 4 (Jogging Track Undip)

PMS5003 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	MQ-135 (ppm)



Lampiran 10 Dokumentasi Pengambilan Data

Data 1	Data 2
	
Data 3	Data 4
	