

ABSTRACT

Urban poverty in six cities in Central Java Province is an interesting problem to analyze in terms of influencing factors. This research analyzes the problem of poverty in urban areas because regional economic development is determined by how cities can develop. This research aims to analyze the influence of urbanization, human capital and unemployment on urban poverty in six cities in Central Java Province in 2015-2021.

This research uses quantitative data sourced from publications by the Central Java Province Central Statistics Agency (BPS). The method used is multiple linear regression using panel data with the dependent variable being the percentage of poor population levels while the independent variables include urbanization (in-migration), human capital (HDI), and unemployment in the cities of Magelang, Surakarta, Tegal, Semarang, Pekalongan and Salatiga. 2015-2021.

Based on the research results, it shows that partially urbanization has a positive and significant effect on poverty, human capital has a negative and significant effect on poverty, and unemployment has a positive and significant effect on poverty. The variables urbanization (incoming migration), human capital (HDI), and unemployment (TPT) simultaneously have a significant effect on poverty in six cities in Central Java Province in 2015-2021.

Keywords: Poverty, Urbanization, Human Capital, Unemployment.

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