

## **CHAPTER V**

### **RECOMMENDATION**

The purpose of this research to examine the influence that resulted of the political news attitude and the perceived importance of religious towards intention to support PDIP after the 2024 Indonesian General Election. Hypothesis in this study is the variables of political news attitude and perceived importance of religious have an influence on the variable of intention to support PDIP after 2024 Indonesian general election. In testing the hypothesis, the researcher has analysed the data that has been collected from 100 politic participant respondents as the respondents by using the multiple linear regression analysis. This chapter concludes this research

#### **5.1 Conclusion**

Conclusively, the result of this study is political news attitude and perceived importance of religious are influence on intention to support PDIP after 2024 Indonesian general election.

#### **5.2 Recommendations**

1. Furthermore, as this research try to specify political issue as a distinction from this research, as for the result of 42% need for explore future research could work intensively and deeply if there is more issues relevance of political situations in specific activities of politics for instance, voting participation in province, abstention, and efficacy. For more information, engagement with political content on social media and media credibility, would be both of

interesting aspects to explore after election as include to specific case of activities.

2. Further research could concentrate on risk perception to determine its value and its influence on intentions to support the party, since the different between previous study is to specify the two independent variables based on the theory. This is mainly since political participants must consider track-record, decisions, and vision of consequences when choosing a party that has more new progressive ideas to meet people's expectations in today's demanding political environment, which is the researcher lack of sufficient time and space to spare broadly.
3. As stated in the sampling section, Gen Z, the majority of research sample, is more open to perceptions of the interests of those around them and considers engaging in political activities based on the circumstances. But the elder generation also consistently supports PDIP, necessitating more investigation. In the end, future researchers can widen the focus and range of participant samples by striving for a more complete and objective analysis.