

## ***ABSTRACT***

*This study employs data from the third wave mayora elections in Indonesia (mayoral elections held in 2015, 2017, and 2018). This study specifically focuses on two measures of economic performance, namely income percapita and unemployment rate. Using a cross-sectional analysis, the results show that both income per capita and unemployment negative and significant. The negative sign of per capita income that contradicts the hypothesis may be due to the increased cost of acquiring leisure time due to increased income. The more expensive leisure costs, the lower a person's willingness to come to the polls..*

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*Keywords: Turnout, Local Governments, Election, Economic Conditions, Indonesia*

