ABSTRACT

A faster development of secondary and tertiary sectors than primary sector indicates a structural transformation in KEDUNGSEPUR area. However, the diversity characteristic across regions in KEDUNGSEPUR area can causes inter-regions inequality.

This study aims to determine the effect of population, labor force participation rate, and human development index among inequality in KEDUNGSEPUR area in 2010-2019. Analysis data on this study using panel data regression analysis with a fixed effect model.

Result shows that the population and human development index variable significantly affects inequality in KEDUNGSEPUR area, while labor force participation rate do not affect inequality in KEDUNGSEPUR area. However, the variables of population size, labor force participation rate and the human development index equally affect inequality in KEDUNGSEPUR area.

Keywords: Population, Labor Force Participation Rate, Human Development Index, and Regional Inequality.

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