ABSTRACT

The relatively high number of unemployed in Banten Province creates a challenge for local governments in overcoming unemployment. The purpose of this research is to determine the impact of the minimum wage, population, and GRDP towards the unemployment rate in Banten Province. This study used secondary data from the Indonesian Statistics Agency. This study used time series data from 2017 to 2020, as well as cross-sectional data from eight districts/cities in Banten Province. This study employs static panel data analysis.

Overall, the results of the study shows that the minimum wage variable has a negative and statistically significant effect on unemployment in Banten Province. Population has no statistically significant effect on unemployment in Banten Province. Other results shows that GRDP does have a negative and statistically significant effect on unemployment in Banten Province.

Keywords: Banten Province, Unemployment, Minimum Wage, Population, GRDP, Panel Data.

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