

ABSTRACT

Jakarta Metropolitan Area (Jabodetabek) is characterized by linkages between residential and employment locations that encourage cross-regional commuting. This study aims to analyze the factors influencing commuting distance among working mother commuters in Jabodetabek. The study uses data from Jabodetabek Commuter Surveys 2023 conducted by Statistics Indonesia (BPS) with 810 observations and employs multiple linear regression using the Ordinary Least Squares (OLS) method with robust standard errors. The results show that income, educational attainment, formal employment status, and residential location in Depok Municipality have positive and statistically significant effects on commuting distance. Meanwhile, age, marital status, household characteristics, and employment sector do not have statistically significant effects. These findings indicate that variations in commuting distance among working mothers in Jabodetabek are more closely associated with economic factors, employment characteristics, and residential location.

Keywords: *commuting distance, working mothers, Ordinary Least Squares, Jakarta Metropolitan Area*

