

EVALUASI MANAJEMEN PENGELOLAAN PENYIMPANAN OBAT DI KLINIK HEWAN KOTA SEMARANG

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ABSTRAK

Latar Belakang: Penyimpanan sediaan farmasi harus memenuhi persyaratan untuk menjaga mutu dan menghindari kerusakan. Sejauh ini, regulasi yang ada hanya mengatur penyimpanan obat di fasilitas kesehatan manusia dan belum terdapat di fasilitas kesehatan hewan.

Tujuan: Mengetahui kesesuaian penyimpanan obat di Klinik Hewan dinilai dari tata ruang, prosedur penyimpanan, kecocokan obat dengan kartu stok, obat kedaluwarsa/rusak, dan stok mati.

Metode: Penelitian deskriptif observasional melalui observasi dan wawancara.

Hasil: Penelitian ini menggunakan 11 dari 30 klinik hewan. Hasil penelitian kesesuaian tata ruang penyimpanan berturut-turut yaitu 73%, 73%, 64%, 55%, 73%, 55%, 64%, 64%, 73%, 73%, 55% dan kesesuaian prosedur penyimpanan berturut-turut yaitu 33%, 67%, 67%, 50%, 50%, 67%, 50%, 50%, 50%, 67%, 33%. Kecocokan obat dengan kartu stok pada 4 klinik hewan sebesar 100%. Persentase obat kedaluwarsa/rusak berturut-turut yaitu 5,23%, 0%, 0%, 0%, 4,7%, 0%, 0,49%, 0%, 1,23%, 0%, 5,26%. Persentase stok mati pada 4 klinik hewan yaitu 61,36%, 40%, 43,75%, 30,26%.

Kesimpulan: Kesesuaian tata ruang pada semua klinik hewan telah sesuai. Sebagian besar prosedur penyimpanan obat di klinik hewan cukup sesuai dan sebagian lainnya sesuai. Kecocokan stok obat telah memenuhi standar yang ditetapkan. Sebagian besar klinik hewan memiliki persentase nilai obat kedaluwarsa atau rusak yang memenuhi standar. Persentase stok mati pada klinik hewan belum memenuhi standar.

Kata kunci: *evaluasi, klinik hewan, penyimpanan*

EVALUATION OF DRUG STORAGE MANAGEMENT AT VETERINARY CLINICS IN SEMARANG CITY

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ABSTRACT

Background: *Pharmaceutical storage must qualify requirements to maintain quality and prevent damage. Current regulations mainly govern drug storage in human healthcare facilities, no clear standards for veterinary settings.*

Objective: *To evaluate the suitability of drug storage in veterinary clinics based on storage layout, procedures, stock card, expired/damaged drugs, and dead stock.*

Methods: *A descriptive observational study using observation and interviews.*

Results: *This study used 11 of the 30 veterinary clinics as research objects. The results showed that the suitability of storage space layouts is 73%, 73%, 64%, 55%, 73%, 55%, 64%, 64%, 73%, 73%, 55% and storage procedures is 33%, 67%, 67%, 50%, 50%, 67%, 50%, 50%, 50%, 67%, 33%. Drug compatibility with stock cards at 4 veterinary clinics reached 100%. Percentage of expired/damaged drugs is 5,23%, 0%, 0%, 0%, 4,7%, 0%, 0,49%, 0%, 1,23%, 0%, 5,26%. Dead stock percentages at 4 veterinary clinics are 61,36%, 40%, 43,75%, 30,26%.*

Conclusion: *Storage layout in all veterinary clinics was appropriate. Most clinics had drug storage procedures that were fairly appropriate while others were appropriate. Drug stock compatibility met established standards. Most clinics met standards for expired/damaged drugs, but dead stock did not meet the required standard.*

Keyword: *evaluation, veterinary clinic, storage*