

ABSTRACT

In Law Number 6 of 2014 concerning Villages, it says that the village has the authority to regulate and manage government affairs and the interests of the community. Therefore, the village has the authority to set priorities for the use of village funds.

From 2020 to 2022 the biggest focus on using village funds is to tackle the Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) outbreak which has had an impact on various aspects of people's lives, both social, economic, community welfare and cultural aspects, and has caused fatalities. and material losses. The Covid-19 pandemic is getting under control as time goes on, which means that the way policies regarding the use of village funds must change. In 2023, the use of village funds will be more focused on economic recovery, increasing human resources, and accelerating the eradication of extreme poverty. However, issues such as handling stunting, implementing labor-intensive work in villages, village economic development, handling natural and non-natural disasters which are under village authority are still being handled.

The variables of the research were accountability, transparency, participation and village fund management. The population of this research was 11 villages in the district of Arjawinangun. There were 100 respondents gar from questionnaires in terms of 5 board of villagers and 4-5 villagers. The data source were primary data and secondary data. To collect the data, the research used interview and questionnaires. To analyze the data, the research used validity test, reliability test, classical assumption test, multiple linear regression analysis and hypothesis testing.

The result showed that accountability, transparency, and community participation in village funds management has a positive and significant impact on community empowerment on Jungjang Village Arjawinangun Sub-district of Cirebon Regency.

Keywords: Accountability, Transparency, Community Participation, Community Empowerment.