

## DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Ayala, M. I., & Murga, A. L. (2016). Patriarchy and women's multidimensional agency: A case study of a Mexican sending village. *Women's Studies International Forum*, 59, 1–8. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.wsif.2016.08.002>
- Badan Pusat Statistik. (2011a). *Fertilitas Penduduk Indonesia Hasil Sensus Penduduk 2010*. Badan Pusat Statistik.
- Badan Pusat Statistik. (2011b). *Kematian Bayi dan Angka Harapan Hidup Hasil Sensus Penduduk 2010*. Badan Pusat Statistik.
- Badan Pusat Statistik. (2012). *Analisis Statistik Sosial: Bonus Demografi dan Pertumbuhan Ekonomi*. Badan Pusat Statistik.
- Badan Pusat Statistik. (2022). *Analisis Profil Penduduk Indonesia*. <https://www.bps.go.id/>
- Bamieh, O., & Ziegler, L. (2023). Gender-age Differences in Hiring Rates and Prospective Wages—Evidence from job referrals to unemployed workers. *Labour Economics*, 84(May). <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.labeco.2023.102395>
- Becker, G. S. (1993). *A Treatise on the Family* (Enlarged E). Harvard University Press.
- Bloom, D. E., Canning, D., & Sevilla, J. (2003). *The Demographic Dividend: A New Perspective Consequences of Population Change*. RAND.
- Bloom, D. E., & Freeman, R. B. (1986). The Effects of rapid population Growth on Labor Supply and Employment in Developing Countries. *Population & Development Review*, 12(3), 381–414. <https://doi.org/10.2307/1973216>
- Borjas, G. J. (2020). Labor Economics (Ed. 8th). In *McGraw-Hill Education* (Vol. 113, Issue 4).
- Chen, C., Kuo, Y. M., & Zhao, W. (2023). Family size, Labor Supply, and Job Prestige: Evidence from three decennial censuses in China. *China Economic Review*, 80(May), 101986. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.chieco.2023.101986>
- Dheba Nur Ulma, & Julia, A. (2022). Peningkatan Penyerapan Tenaga Kerja dalam Mendorong Bonus Demografi di Kecamatan Sukajadi Bandung. *Jurnal Riset Ilmu Ekonomi Dan Bisnis*, 105–114. <https://doi.org/10.29313/jrieb.vi.1217>
- Jati, W. R. (2015). Bonus Demografi Sebagai Mesin Pertumbuhan Ekonomi: Jendela Peluang Atau Jendela Bencana Di Indonesia? *Populasi*, 23(1), 1. <https://doi.org/10.22146/jp.8559>

- Kaufman, B. E., & Hotchkiss, J. L. (2003). *The Economics of Labor Markets*, 6th Edition. In *Thomson Learning*. <https://doi.org/10.2307/1055968>
- Maimun, S. (2007). Permintaan Dan Penawaran Tenaga Kerja serta Upah: Teori serta Beberapa Potretnya di Indonesia. *Jurnal Ekonomi & Pendidikan*, 4(1), 62–74. <https://media.neliti.com/media/publications/17245-ID-upaya-pengembangan-profesionalisme-guru-di-indonesia.pdf>
- Mankiw, N. G. (2009). *Macroeconomics* (Seventh Ed). Worth Publishers.
- Mankiw, N. G. (2022). *Macroeconomics* (Eleventh, Issue Economy). Worth Publishers.
- Maryati, S. (2015). Dinamika Pengangguran Terdidik: Tantangan Menuju Bonus Demografi Di Indonesia. *Economica*, 3(2), 124–136. <https://doi.org/10.22202/economica.2015.v3.i2.249>
- Poston, D. L., & Bouvier, L. F. (2010). *Population and Society: An Introduction to Demography* (Vol. 21, Issue 1). Cambridge University Press. <http://journal.um-surabaya.ac.id/index.php/JKM/article/view/2203>
- Romer, D. (2019). *Advanced Macroeconomics* (Fifth Edition). In *McGraw Hill* (Issue 493).
- Sulistiawati, R. (2012). Pengaruh Upah Minimum Terhadap Penyerapan Tenaga Kerja dan Kesejahteraan Masyarakat di Provinsi di Indonesia. *Jurnal Eksos*, 8, 195–211.
- Todaro, M. P., & Smith, S. C. (2014). *Economic Development* (Twelfth). Pearson.