REFERENCES

Aminata, J., Nusantara, D., & Susilowati, I. (2022). The Analysis of Inclusive Green Growth In Indonesia. *Jurnal Ekonomi & Studi Pembangunan*, *23*(1), Layouting. https://doi.org/10.18196/jesp.v23i1.13811

Appiah, K., Du, J., Yeboah, M., & Appiah, R. (2019). Causal relationship between industrialization, energy intensity, economic growth and carbon dioxide emissions: Recent evidence from Uganda. *International Journal of Energy Economics and Policy*, *9*(2), 237–245. https://doi.org/10.32479/ijeep.7420

Asyrof, R., & Rizaldi, M. (2025). Regional Inclusive Green Growth in Indonesia : Unraveling Determinants and Disparities. *Indonesian Journal of Energy*, *8*(1), 75–86. https://ije-pyc.org/IJE/article/view/220

Azim, A. N., Sutjipto, H., & Fahmi Ginanjar, R. A. (2022). Determinan Ketimpangan Pembangunan Ekonomi Antarprovinsi Di Indonesia. *Jurnal Riset Ilmu Ekonomi*, *2*(1), 1–16. https://doi.org/10.23969/jrie.v2i1.23

Cheang, B., & Palmer, T. G. (2023). *Institutions and Economic Development*. Springer Nature Singapore Pte Ltd. 2023. https://csgs.kcl.ac.uk/wp-content/uploads/2023/05/Institutions-and-Development-BC-Palmer-FM-CH-1.pdf

Depari, E. T. (2024). Pembangunan Berkelanjutan: Integrasi Ekonomi, Sosial, dan Lingkungan. *Circle Archive*, *1*(5), 1–13. http://www.circle-archive.com/index.php/carc/article/view/203

Desalegn, G., & Tangl, A. (2022). Enhancing Green Finance for Inclusive Green Growth: A Systematic Approach. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, *14*(12). https://doi.org/10.3390/su14127416

Hanifa, T., Adiwijaya, & Al-Faraby, S. (2017). Analisis Churn Prediction pada Data Pelanggan PT. Telekomunikasi dengan Logistic Regression dan Underbagging. *E-Proceeding of Engineering*, *4*(2), 3210–3225. https://openlibrarypublications.telkomuniversity.ac.id/index.php/engineering/article/view/1355

Harisman, R. (2012). Pertumbuhan hijau di G20 dan strategi Indonesia. *Badan Kebijakan Fiskal Kementerian Keuangan*, *1*(1), 1–13. https://fiskal.kemenkeu.go.id/files/berita-kajian/file/Pertumbuhan hijau di G20 dan strategi Indonesia.pdf

Hidayat, S., Sundari, S., & Pakpahan, M. (2024). Evaluasi Kebijakan Pengelolaan Sumber Daya Alam Di Indonesia: Tantangan Dan Peluang Untuk Masa Depan. *Jurnal Manuhara : Pusat Penelitian Ilmu Manajemen Dan Bisnis*, *2*(2), 104–117. https://doi.org/10.61132/manuhara.v2i2.723

Ilham. (2021). Economic Development and Environmental Degradation in Indonesia: Panel Data Analysis. *Jurnal Ekonomi & Studi Pembangunan*,

22(2), Layouting. https://doi.org/10.18196/jesp.v22i2.7629

Ilham, M., & Pangaribowo, E. H. (2016). *Analisis Ketimpanhan Ekonomi Menurut Provinsi di Indonesia Tahun 2011-2015*. 1–23. https://core.ac.uk/download/pdf/295176705.pdf

Iskandar, A. (2016). Peran Alokatif Pemerintah melalui Pengadaan Barang/Jasa dan Pengaruhnya Terhadap Perekonomian Indonesia. *Kajian Ekonomi Dan Keuangan*, *20*(2), 149–167. https://doi.org/10.31685/kek.v20i2.186

Jha, S., Sandhu, S. C., & Wachirapunyanont, R. (2018). Inclusive Green Growth Index: A New Benchmark for Quality of Growth. In *Asian Development Bank* (Issue October). Asian Development Bank (ADB). https://www.adb.org/publications/inclusive-green-growth-index

Juniardi, E., Amar, S., & Aimon, H. (2022). Panel data regression approach on Inclusive green growth. *Global Journal of Environmental Science and Management*, *8*(4), 533–544. https://doi.org/10.22034/GJESM.2022.04.06

Kolawole, B. O. (2016). Government Spending and Inclusive-Growth Relationship in Nigeria: An Empirical Investigation. *Zagreb International Review of Economics and Business*, *19*(2), 33–56. https://doi.org/10.1515/zireb-2016-0007

Kushernawati, L., Fitrani, A. S., & Mauliana, M. I. (2022). Demographic Attribute Selection Model For Prediction Of Election Participation Using Decision Tree. *Jurnal Mantik*, *6*(36), 2527–2534. http://www.iocscience.org/ejournal/index.php/mantik/article/view/2848%0A http://www.iocscience.org/ejournal/index.php/mantik/article/download/2848/2249

Kusnaidi, M. R., Gulo, T., & Aripin, S. (2022). Penerapan Normalisasi Data Dalam Mengelompokkan Data Mahasiswa Dengan Menggunakan Metode K-Means Untuk Menentukan Prioritas Bantuan Uang Kuliah Tunggal. *Journal of Computer System and Informatics (JoSYC)*, *3*(4), 330–338. https://doi.org/10.47065/josyc.v3i4.2112

Kusumaningrum, S., & Yuhan, R. J. (2019). Pertumbuhan Ekonomi Provinsi di Indonesia Berdasarkan Indeks Komposit Pertumbuhan Inklusif dan Faktor yang Memengaruhinya. *Jurnal Ekonomi Dan Kebijakan Publik*, *10*(1), 1–17. https://doi.org/10.22212/jekp.v10i1.1150

Kusumaningsih, R. P., Mulyadi, J. M. V., Sihite, M., & Djaddang, S. (2023). Analisis Efisiensi Bank Pemerintah Indonesia Dengan Data Envelopment Analysis - DEA. *At-Tawassuth: Jurnal Ekonomi Islam*, *VIII*(I), 1–19. https://www.researchgate.net/publication/377577675

Long, T., & Pasaribu, E. (2019). Analisis Spasial Determinan Pertumbuhan Inklusif Kabupaten/Kota Di Provinsi Jawa Tengah Tahun 2017. *Seminar Nasional Official Statistics*, *2019*(1), 416–423.

https://doi.org/10.34123/semnasoffstat.v2019i1.11

Marlinah, L., & Meirinaldi. (2018). Antara target dan Realisasi Pertumbuhan Ekonomi Indonesia Tahun 2017. *Jurnal Ekonomi*, *20*(1), 82–89. https://ejournal.borobudur.ac.id/index.php/1/article/view/308/305

Narloch, U., Kozluk, T., & Lloyd, A. (2016). *Measuring Inclusive Green Growth at the Country Level*. http://www.greengrowthknowledge.org/sites/default/files/downloads/resourc e/Measuring_Inclusive_Green_Growth_at_the_Country_Level.pdf

OECD. (2021). *Towards green growth*. OECD. https://doi.org/10.1787/f5a24210-en

OECD. (2025). *Reference period : 4 th Quarter 2022 OECD GDP growth still weak at 0 . 3 % in the fourth quarter of 2022*. *February*, 1–4. https://www.oecd.org/content/dam/oecd/en/data/insights/statistical-releases/2025/2/GDP-Growth-Q4-2024.pdf

Palmer, N. (2012). The Importance of Economic Growth. *CPA Ireland*, *March*, 1. https://www.cpaireland.ie/CPAIreland/media/Education-Training/Study Support Resources/F1 Economics/Relevant Articles/the-importance-of-economic-growth.pdf

Pratiwi, K. D., & Kurniasari, D. (2023). Penerapan Model Panel: Determinan Tingkat Pertumbuhan Inklusif Indonesia. *Bappenas Working Papers*, *6*(1), 60–78. https://doi.org/10.47266/bwp.v6i1.163

Purwanti, Y., & Dianzah, Y. E. N. (2023). Analisis Capaian Pembangunan Inklusif Hijau Pada Tingkat Kabupaten/Kota Di Jawa Timur dengan Balanced Inclussive Green Growth Index. *Jurnal Akuntansi, Manajemen, Bisnis Dan Teknologi (AMBITEK)*, *3*(2), 223–239. https://doi.org/10.56870/ambitek.v3i2.101

Putri, & Aimon, H. (2024). *Analisis Pengeluaran Pemerintah Dan Likuiditas Perekonomian Terhadap Pertumbuhan Ekonomi di Indonesia*. https://medrep.ppj.unp.ac.id/index.php/MedREP/article/view/119/82

Putri, D., & Putra, L. (2024). Strategi Kebijakan Pertumbuhan Hijau (Green Growth) Indonesia: Dalam Adaptasi Perubahan Iklim. *Journal Publicuho*, *7*(2), 916–925. https://doi.org/10.35817/publicuho.v7i2.447

SDGs. (2022). *Green growth*. Sustainable Development Knowledge Platform. https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/index.php?menu=1447

Sherifdeen, O., Ibrahim, S., Lukman, A., & Michael, O. O. (2016). Government Expenditure and Economic Growth Nexus: Evidence from Nigeria. *Business and Management Research*, *5*(4), 56. https://doi.org/10.5430/bmr.v5n4p56

Sihombing, P. R., Indonesia, S., Arsani, A. M., Indonesia, S., Purwanti, D., & Muchtar, M. (2024). *Data Envelopment Analysis (DEA) dalam Berbagai*

Software (M. P. . Dr. Lukmanul Hakim (ed.); Issue December). Minhaj Pustaka. https://www.researchgate.net/publication/386525334_Data_Envelopment_A nalysis_DEA_dalam_Berbagai_Software

Sipota, G. J., Walewangko, E. N., & Masloman, I. (2024). Analisis Pertumbuhan Ekonomi Inklusif Dalam Menurunkan Kemiskinan Di Kabupaten Kepulauan Talaud. *Jurnal Berkala Ilmiah Efisiensi*, *24*(3), 25–36. https://ejournal.unsrat.ac.id/v3/index.php/jbie/article/view/54603/45836

Sitorus, A., & Arsani, A. (2018). A Comparative Study of Inter-Provincial Inclusive Economic Growth in Indonesia 2010-2015 with Approach Methods of ADB, WEF, and UNDP. *Jurnal Perencanaan Pembangunan: The Indonesian Journal of Development Planning*, *2*(1), 64–77. https://doi.org/10.36574/jpp.v2i1.32

Soleh, A. (2015). Pertumbuhan Ekonomi Dan Kemiskinan Di Indonesia. *Ekombis Review: Jurnal Ilmiah Ekonomi Dan Bisnis*, *2*(2), 197–209. https://doi.org/10.37676/ekombis.v2i2.15

Statistics Indonesia. (2023). *Ekonomi Jawa Timur Tahun 2023 tumbuh 4,95 Persen*. BPS. https://jatim.bps.go.id/id/pressrelease/2024/02/05/1456/ekonomi-jawa-timur-tahun-2023-tumbuh-4-95-persen-ekonomi-jawa-timur-triwulan-iv-2023-tumbuh-4-69-persen--y-on-y--ekonomi-jawa-timur-triwulan-iv-2023-tumbuh--0-89-persen--q-to-q-.html

Statistics Indonesia. (2024). *Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Provinsi-Provinsi di Indonesia Menurut Lapangan Usaha 2019-2023*. BPS-Statistic Indonesia. https://www.bps.go.id/id/publication/2024/04/04/8692a86c992de40e9d6b36 3b/produk-domestik-regional-bruto-provinsi-provinsi-di-indonesia-menurut-lapangan-usaha-2019-2023.html

Statistics Indonesia. (2025). *[Metode Baru] Indeks Pembangunan Manusia menurut Provinsi, 2022-2024*. BPS. https://www.bps.go.id/id/statistics-table/2/NDk0IzI=/-metode-baru-indeks-pembangunan-manusia-menurut-provinsi.html

Tayeb, I., Anwar, C., & Suparman. (2022). Ketimpangan Pembangunan Ekonomi Di Indonesia Tahun 2000-2020. *Jurnal KATALOGIS*, *10*(1), 24–34. http://jurnal.pasca.untad.ac.id/index.php/katalogis/index

Todaro, M. P., & Smith, S. C. (2020). Economic Development. Thirteenth Edition. In *Pearson* (13th ed., Issue 13th Edition). https://students.aiu.edu/submissions/profiles/resources/onlineBook/F5v9e6_ Economic Development-2020.pdf

Tumanggor, D., & Pasaribu, E. (2019). *Pembentukan BIGGI Dalam Mengukur Pertumbuhan Inklusif Hijau Studi Kasus: Indonesia Tahun 2017 (Forming BIGGI in Measuring Inclusive Green Growth Case Study: Indonesia 2017)*. 266–274. https://www.researchgate.net/publication/341437128

UNEP. (2018). *Green Economy*. UN Environment Programme. https://www.unep.org/regions/asia-and-pacific/regional-initiatives/supporting-resource-efficiency/green-economy

Wahyuni. (2021). *Green Growth: Berlanjut & Tumbuh*. Kementerian Keuangan, 2021. https://www.djkn.kemenkeu.go.id/kpknl-balikpapan/baca-artikel/14541/Green-Growth-Berlanjut-dan-Tumbuh.html

Widyasthika, H., Pukuh, N., & Hakim, S. M. (2022). *BIGGI : Analisis Capaian Ekonomi Hijau Inklusif di Provinsi Jawa Tengah* (Vol. 1). https://www.researchgate.net/publication/369559776_Biggi_Analisis_Capaian_Ekonomi_Hijau_Inklusif_Di_Provinsi_Jawa_Tengah_-_Prosiding_Pusaka_Jateng_2022

World Bank. (2012). *Inclusive Green Growth : The Pathway to Sustainable Development* (The World Bank (ed.)). The World Bank. https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/368361468313515918/pdf/691250PUB0Publ067902B09780821395516.pdf

Yulia, S., & Supriatna, E. (2024). *Educatus : Jurnal Pendidikan Pembangunan Ekonomi Global yang Berkelanjutan di Indonesia*. *2*(2), 1–8. https://ejournal.prismaindo.or.id/index.php/Educatus/article/view/6