

## ABSTRACT

*Investing is highly encouraged in the Islamic perspective, and investment activities have been practiced by Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him) from his youth until just before his prophethood. Moreover, investment brings significant benefits, including a multiplier effect, such as creating business and employment opportunities, preventing idle funds, and ensuring that the circulation of funds is not restricted to the wealthy (QS. Al-Hasyr [59]: 7). Students of the Faculty of Economics and Business at Diponegoro University (FEB UNDIP) are facilitated by the presence of the Indonesia Stock Exchange Investment Gallery, which collaborates with the Diponegoro University Capital Market Study Group to regularly organize capital market training. Additionally, online trading platforms make it easier for students to access information and conduct transactions in sharia stocks without needing to visit the Indonesia Stock Exchange (IDX) office physically.*

*In 2020, the Indonesia Stock Exchange launched the "Investment for Everyone" program, where several securities companies reduced the minimum deposit required to open a stock account. Investments could start with a minimal amount, even as low as IDR 100,000, or less, depending on the specific securities company. However, despite these initiatives, they have not yet significantly improved the investment decisions of FEB UNDIP students in sharia stocks.*

*This study is a quantitative research aimed at explaining the influence of perceptions of capital market training, perceptions of minimum capital, perceptions of technological advancement, and perceptions of return on the investment decisions of FEB UNDIP students in sharia stocks. Data collection was conducted through questionnaires. The population in this study consists of FEB UNDIP students who have made investment decisions in sharia stocks, with a sample size of 140 students.*

*The results indicate that, partially, the variables of perceptions of minimum capital, perceptions of technological advancement, and perceptions of return have a positive and significant influence on FEB UNDIP students' investment decisions in sharia stocks. However, the variable of perceptions of capital market training does not have a significant influence on their investment decisions. Simultaneously, the variables of perceptions of capital market training, perceptions of minimum capital, perceptions of technological advancement, and perceptions of return collectively have a positive and significant influence. The coefficient of determination shows that these variables explain 74% of the variance in students' investment decisions in sharia stocks, while the remaining 26% is influenced by other variables outside the model.*

*Keywords: Perceptions of Capital Market Training, Perceptions of Minimum Capital, Perceptions of Technological Advancement, Perceptions of Return, Sharia Stock Investment Decisions*