

ABSTRACT

Child labor is one of the issues that is of concern to most countries, especially developing countries. Conditional Cash Transfers or Conditional Cash Assistance is a social policy tool that is widely used in efforts to reduce child labor. Indonesia has the Family Hope Program which has been implemented since 2007 until now. This study specifically analyzes the effect of the frequency of receiving PKH on the number of child workers in households in Indonesia. The data used is from the Indonesian Family Life Survey (IFLS) 2014 and obtained observations of 4,221 households and was estimated using the Ordinary Least Square method. This study found that the frequency of receiving PKH was not significant to the number of child workers in households, which means that PKH was unable to reduce the number of child workers in households. This is possible because of several other factors that need to be taken into account, and Indonesia still has many remote areas that are far from health and education facilities, as well as the poverty rate in Indonesia, which is still high.

Keywords: Child Labor, Conditional Cash Transfers, Program Keluarga Harapan, Indonesian Family Life Survey

