

ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini mengeksplorasi tinjauan yuridis green economy index sebagai sarana peningkatan minat investor pasar modal. Analisis mencakup dua aspek utama. Pertama, analisis mengenai peraturan green economy di negara-negara ASEAN, dengan merujuk pedoman jangka panjang Framework for Circular Economy for the ASEAN Economic Community (AEC) yang diadopsi dan dikembangkan oleh negara-negara ASEAN menjadi sebuah landasan hukum di setiap negara ASEAN. Kedua analisis mengenai kebijakan regulator pasar modal terhadap green economy, mengacu pada Perpres 59 Tahun 2017 tentang Pelaksanaan Pencapaian Tujuan Pembangunan Berkelanjutan, serta PJOK No. 51/PJOK.03/2017 tentang Penerapan Keuangan Berkelanjutan bagi Lembaga Jasa Keuangan, Emiten dan Perusahaan publik. Metode penelitian menggunakan pendekatan yuridis normatif dan analisis deskriptif analitis. Hasil penelitian menemukan korelasi yang erat antara green economy dengan minat investor pasar modal, hanya saja perlu dikembangkan melalui pendekatan strategis yang dapat menyeimbangkan pertumbuhan ekonomi dengan keberlanjutan lingkungan, serta mengeksekusi dengan baik regulasi dan pedoman yang mendukung penerbitan dan perdagangan instrumen keuangan hijau, guna meningkatkan visibilitas, aksesibilitas dan minat investor pasar modal.

Kata Kunci: Yuridis Normatif, Green Economy, Green economy Index, Pasar Modal.

ABSTRACT

This study explores the legal review of the green economy index as a means of increasing capital market investor interest. The analysis covers two main aspects. First, it analyzes green economy regulations in ASEAN countries, by referring to the long-term guidelines of the Framework for Circular Economy for the ASEAN Economic Community (AEC) that have been adopted and developed by ASEAN countries into a legal basis in each ASEAN country. Second, it analyzes capital market regulator policies towards the green economy, referencing Presidential Regulation 59 of 2017 concerning the Implementation of the Achievement of Sustainable Development Goals, and PJOK No. 51/PJOK.03/2017 concerning the Implementation of Sustainable Finance for Financial Services Institutions, Issuers and Public Companies. The research method uses a normative legal approach and analytical descriptive analysis. The results of the study found a close correlation between the green economy and capital market investor interest, only that it needs to be developed through a strategic approach that can balance economic growth with environmental sustainability, as well as effective execution of regulations and guidelines that support the issuance and trading of green financial instruments, in order to enhance visibility, accessibility and investor interest in the capital market.

Keywords: Normative Juridicial, Green Economy, Green Economy Index, Capital Market